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An Introduction to Suicide Prevention



Learning Objectives

Following the presentation, participants will be able to:

- 1. Describe the scope of the problem of suicide
- 2. Explain key suicide research findings
- 3. Describe suicide risk factors and warning signs
- 4. Demonstrate how to seek and offer support for yourself or others
- 5. Explain how to access crisis resources and services for yourself or others

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Presentation Overview













Introduction

INTRODUCTION



Suicide is a health issue.



Suicide can be prevented.

HOW WE TALK

Language Do's and Don'ts

Avoid Saying

- x "Committed suicide"
- x "Failed" or "successful" attempt

Say

- "Died by suicide"
- "Ended their life"
- "Killed themselves"
- "Suicide attempt" or "death by suicide"



Scope of the Problem

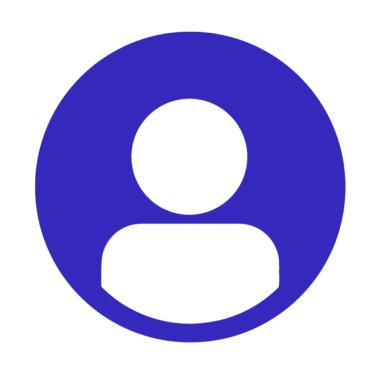


Over 700,000 people die by suicide each year.

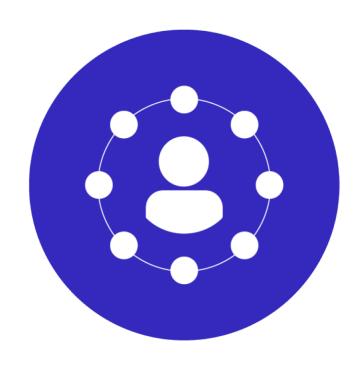
Someone dies by suicide every 40 seconds.



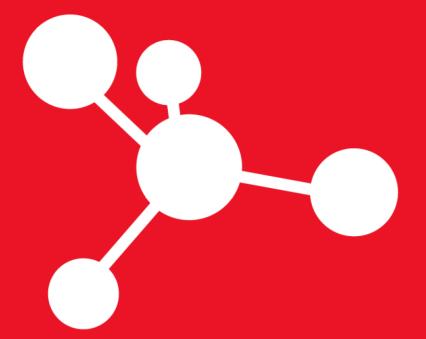
In the U.S. suicide is one of the leading causes of death.



For every suicide, 25 others attempt.



Suicide impacts individuals and communities.



Research



Why do people take their own lives?

There is no single cause, but rather multiple intersecting factors.



The large majority of people who die by suicide have a mental health condition contributing to their death.



1 in 4 people will experience a mental health condition, and most do not go on to die by suicide.

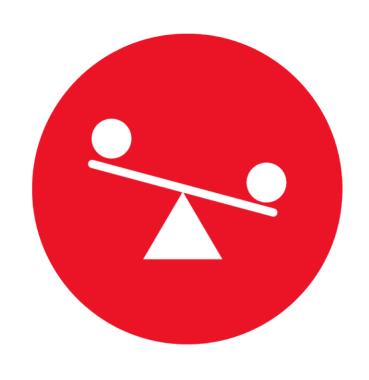


Physical Differences

The brains of people who die by suicide differ from those who die from other causes in both structure and function.



Most people who are suicidal are ambivalent about taking their life.



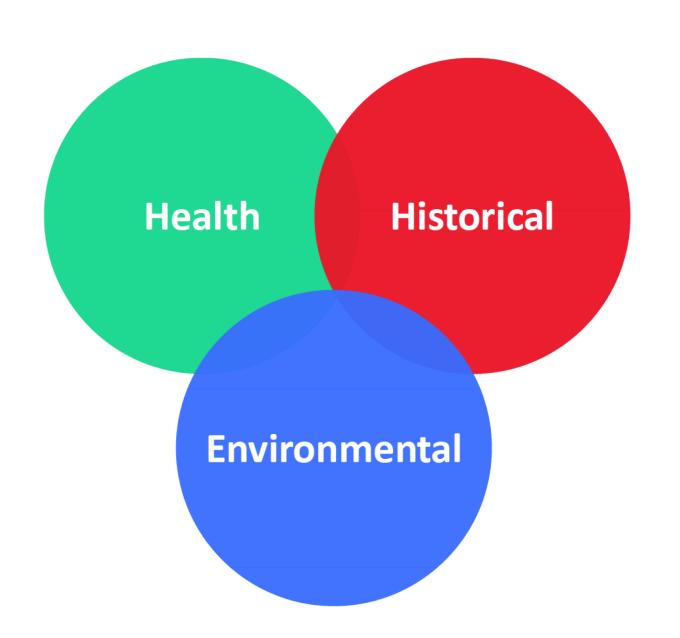
The Perspective of a Suicidal Person

- Crisis point has been reached
- Desperate to escape pain
- Thinking becomes limited



Who is at risk?

Risk Factors



Health Factors

Mental Health Conditions

- Depression
- Anxiety
- Bipolar disorder
- Substance use disorders

Physical Health Factors

 Serious and/or chronic health conditions, including chronic pain or traumatic brain injury

Historical Factors

- Family history of suicide
- Family history of mental health conditions

- Childhood abuse
- Previous suicide attempts
- Loss

Environmental Factors

- Access to lethal means
- Exposure/contagion

- Prolonged stress
- Stressful life event

What others see:



What they may not know:



Genetic risk



Depression



Prolonged stress at work



Drinking more than usual

The Importance of Research



Biomarkers



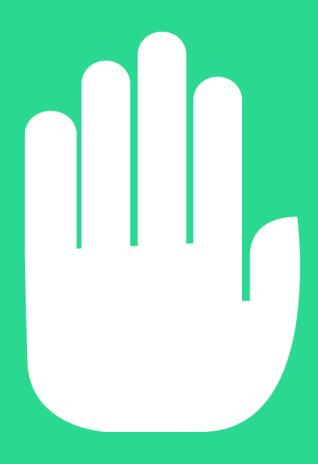
Interventions



Psychotherapies



Medication



Prevention

Protective Factors

- Mental health care
- Family and community support

- Problem-solving skills
- Cultural and religious beliefs



Mental health care is an important ingredient for preventing suicide.

We need a culture where everyone knows to be smart about mental health.

Being Proactive About Mental Health

Make mental health a priority.

- See a doctor or mental health professional
- Get an evaluation

- Discuss treatment options
- Find what works best for the individual



The law requires insurance plans to cover mental health services the same as physical health services.

Self Care Strengthens Mental Health



Exercise



Sleep



Healthy diet



Stress management



Prevention efforts also include support for loss survivors and those with lived experience.



The most important thing you can put between a suicidal person and their way of ending their life is time.



Limiting access to means prevents suicide.

Limiting Access to Means



Carbon Monoxide sensors in cars



Blister packaging for medication



Barriers on bridges



Secure firearms



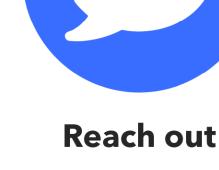
What You Can Do



Have a Conversation



warning signs





Suicide Warning Signs







Talk

- Ending their lives
- Having no reason to live
- Being a burden to others

- Feeling trapped
- Unbearable pain

Behavior

- Increased use of alcohol or drugs
- Issues with sleep
- Acting recklessly
- Withdrawing from activities

- Isolating from family and friends
- Looking for a way to kill themselves
- Giving away possessions

Mood

- Depression
- Apathy
- Rage
- Irritability

- Impulsivity
- Humiliation
- Anxiety
- Sudden, unexplained happiness



Trust your gut.

Assume you're the only one who is going to reach out.

Reach Out

What to avoid

- **x** Minimizing their feelings
- X Convincing them that life is worth living
- **x** Giving them advice on how to "fix" it

What to do

- Talk to the person in private
- Listen to their story
- Express concern and caring
- Ask directly about suicidal thoughts
- Encourage them to seek help

If you think they might make an attempt soon:



Stay with them



Help them secure or remove lethal means



Escort them to mental health services



988 Suicide & Crisis Lifeline:

Dial 988 (Press 1 for Veterans, press 2 for Spanish) Text 988 (English only)

Crisis Text Line:

Text TALK to 741741 for English

Text AYUDA to 741741 for Spanish

Text with a trained crisis counselor from the Crisis Text Line for free, 24/7



For Emergencies Call 911



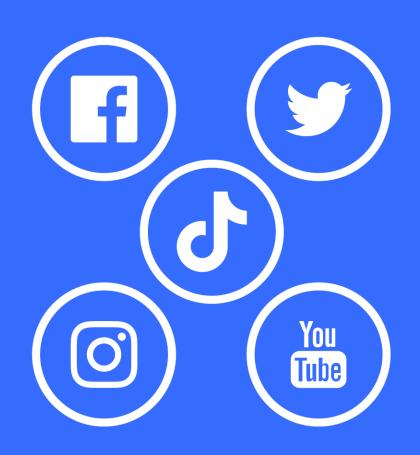
We can create a culture that's smart about mental health and suicide prevention.





Help us measure our impact by completing the post survey.

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